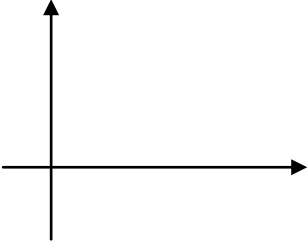
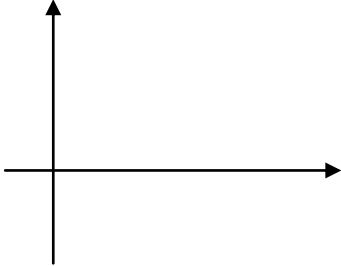
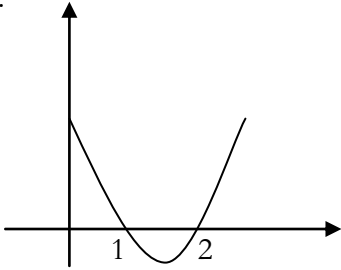
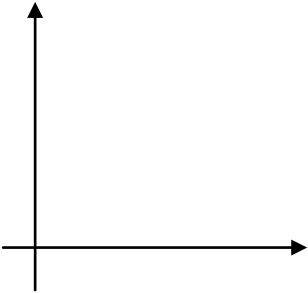
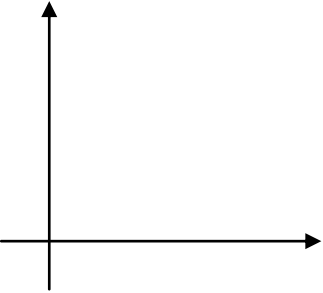
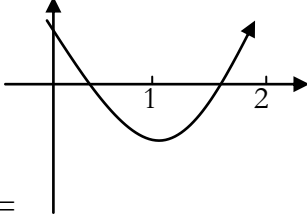
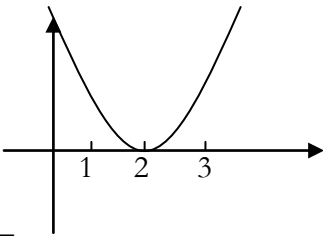
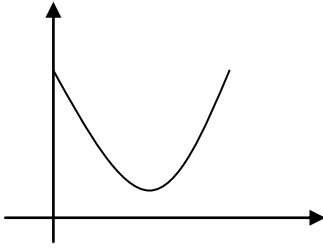


**EXPERT QUESTIONS ON QUADRATIC THEORY VER 2.**Complete the solution of these equations **by quadratic formula only.**

<p>1. <math>x^2 - 4x + 3 = 0</math></p> $x = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{\quad}}{2}$ <p>=</p> <p>Sketch the graph of <math>y = x^2 - 4x + 3</math></p> 	<p>3. <math>x^2 - 4x + 2 = 0</math></p> $x = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{\quad}}{2}$ <p>=</p> <p>Sketch the graph of <math>y = x^2 - 4x + 2</math></p> 	<p><b>Note:</b> The DISCRIMINANT controls what <u>type</u> of solutions we get and where the graph crosses the x axis.</p> <p>State what <b>TYPE</b> of number the discriminant would be for the following graphs.</p> <p>1.</p>  <p><math>\Delta =</math></p>
<p>2. <math>x^2 - 4x + 4 = 0</math></p> $x = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{\quad}}{2}$ <p><math>x =</math></p> <p>Sketch the graph of <math>y = x^2 - 4x + 4</math></p> 	<p>4. <math>x^2 - 4x + 5 = 0</math></p> $x = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{\quad}}{2}$ <p><math>x =</math></p> <p>Sketch the graph of <math>y = x^2 - 4x + 5 = 0</math></p> 	<p>2.</p>  <p><math>\Delta =</math></p> <p>3.</p>  <p><math>\Delta =</math></p> <p>4.</p>  <p><math>\Delta =</math></p>

