# PARALLEL QUESTIONS FROM THE 2013 NCEA EXAMINATIONS

## **ALGEBRA**

**ACHIEVEMENT** 

1a Factorise  $8x^2 - 2x - 3$ 

1b Solve  $8x^2 - 2x - 3 = 0$  $(4x - 3)(2x + 1) \qquad (4x - 3)(2x + 1) = 0$   $x = \frac{3}{4}, -\frac{1}{2}$ 

2a Simplify  $= 32 b^{15}$   $= 16 b^{10}$ 

Simplify 2b  $= \frac{2c^2}{3d^3}$ 

3a Solve Log(64) = 2 2 = 64

3b Ann borrows \$4000 at the beginning of her UNI course. If she passes all her exams, she is told her loan will reduce by 30% each year. Write an expression for the amount she owes after n years. 4000×(0.7)

# **ALGEBRA**

### **MERIT**

$$\frac{3x^2 - 48}{x^2 + x - 20}$$

$$= \frac{3(x^2 - 16)}{(x - 4)(x + 5)}$$

$$=\frac{3(x+4)}{(x+5)}$$

# 2c Simplify

$$(x^{2})^{\frac{1}{6}} \times (x^{5})^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

#### 3c Solve

$$2^{(x+4)} = 32 \times 8^{x}$$

$$(x+4) \log 2 = \log 32 + x \log 8$$

$$x \log 2 + 4 \log 2 = \log 32 + x \log 8$$

$$x \log 2 + 4 \log 2 = \log 32 + x \log 8$$

$$x \log 2 - \log 32 = x (\log 8 - x \log^{2}) - 1 = 2x$$

$$4 \log 2 - \log 32 = x (\log 8 - \log^{2}) - \frac{1}{2} = x$$

$$4 \log^{2} - \log^{3} 2 = x (\log 8 - \log^{2})$$

$$4 \log^{2} - \log^{3} 2 = x (\log 8 - \log^{2})$$

#### 1d

Solve  $(x + 4) - 2\sqrt{(x + 4)} - 3 = 0$ *HINT let b* = x + 4

$$b - 2\sqrt{5} - 3 = 0$$

$$b-3 = 2Nb$$

$$b^2 - 6b + 9 = 4b$$

$$b^2 - 10b + 9 = 0$$

$$(b-9)(b-1)=0$$

$$b = 9$$
, 1

 $x = 5$ ,  $-3$  - not valid in equ

#### 2d

Bill thinks of a number

He squares it

Then multiplies by 4

Then adds 4 times the original number 24 4 4x

Lex 2

The answer is 24

Find his number.

$$4x^{2} + 4x = 24$$

$$4x^{2} + 4x - 24 = 0$$

$$4(x^{2} + 7x - 6) = 0$$

# 3d Ann borrows \$4000 at the beginning of her UNI course.

If she passes all her exams, she is told her loan will reduce by 30% each year.

How long will she study for if she owes less than \$500

s less than \$500  

$$4000 \times (0.7)^{n} < 500$$
  
 $(0.7)^{n} < 0.125$